









Strategic Partner Briefing: State CIO Priorities, Trends and Perspectives

January 28, 2025







About NASCIO

- National association representing state chief information officers and information technology executives from the states, territories and D.C.
- NASCIO provides members with products and services designed to support the challenging role of the state CIO, stimulate the exchange of information, and promote the adoption of IT best practices and innovations.













VISION

Government in which the public is fully served through business innovation and the optimal use of technology Advancing government excellence through trusted collaboration, partnerships and technology leadership



promote strategic alignment of

government technology investments

GUIDING PRINCIPLES: The National Association of State Chief Information Officers will:

be nonpartisan promote the state CIO as the technology leader who drives business innovation and transformation

focus on multijurisdictional issues foster policies that support the public trust

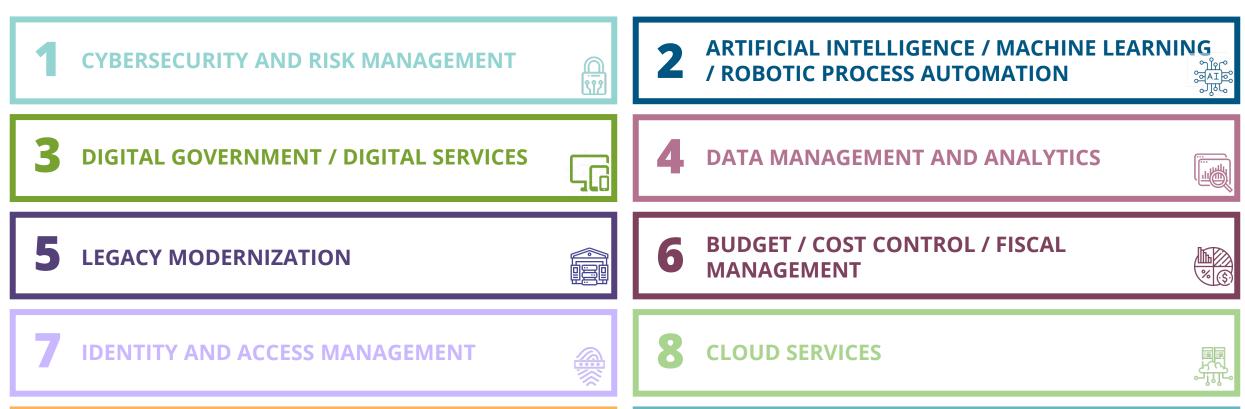
and state business agendas

be ethical in our actions and relationships



2025 STATE CIO TOP 10 PRIORITIES

Priority Strategies, Management Processes and Solutions



ACCESSIBILITY



WORKFORCE











What's Trending for 2025?

Al and **Generative Al:**governance, legislation,
framework, policy, use
cases, data quality, privacy,
security, workforce skills

Increase in state tech policy and **legislation:** focus on data privacy, AI, deepfakes, social media safety, cybersecurity, prohibited products

Focus on digital services and modernization: improved citizen experience, more Al and automation, citizen identity management

Continued investments in legacy modernization, growing hybrid cloud and SaaS adoption

Changing IT workforce: remote/hybrid flexibility, skills-based hiring, eliminating 4-year degree requirement

Impact of the **new Congress and administration** on
state and local government
technology policy?







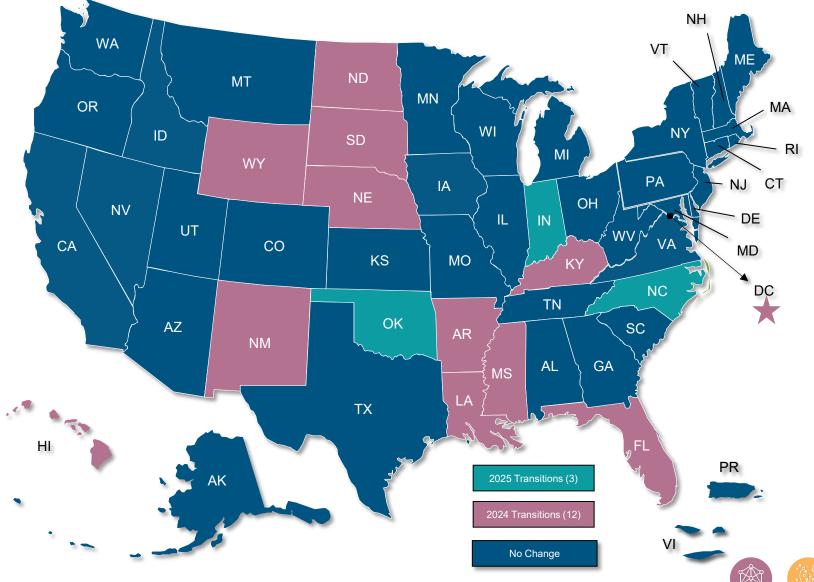






State CIO Transitions

(January 2025)













NASCIO Considerations for Developing AI Roadmaps

- 1. Align Al initiatives to strategic drivers for the organization
- 2. Establish governance and oversight processes
- 3. Inventory and document existing AI applications
- 4. Address data quality and sourcing

- 5. Collaborate with stakeholders and industry
- 6. Assess privacy and cybersecurity risks of Al adoption
- 7. Infrastructure and technology
- 8. Create acquisition and development guidelines

Their Artificial Intelligence Roadmaps, December 2023

Source: NASCIO Your Al Blueprint: 12 Key Considerations as States Develop

- Identify potential use cases
- 10. Expand AI workforce expertise and training
- 11. Create guidelines for responsible use, ethics and transparency
- 12. Measure and communicate effectively













Top Al Actions Taken by States

- ► The creation of advisory committees and task forces (78%)
- ► Implementing enterprise policies and procedures on development/use (72%)
- ► Responsible use / flexible guardrails / security / ethics (67%)
- ► Inventory / documenting uses in agencies and applications (61%)





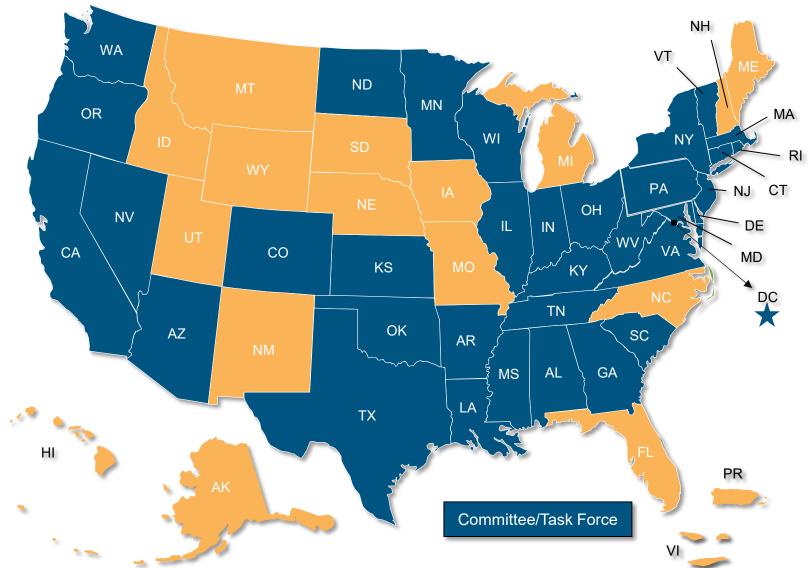






State AI Committees and Task Forces

January 2025









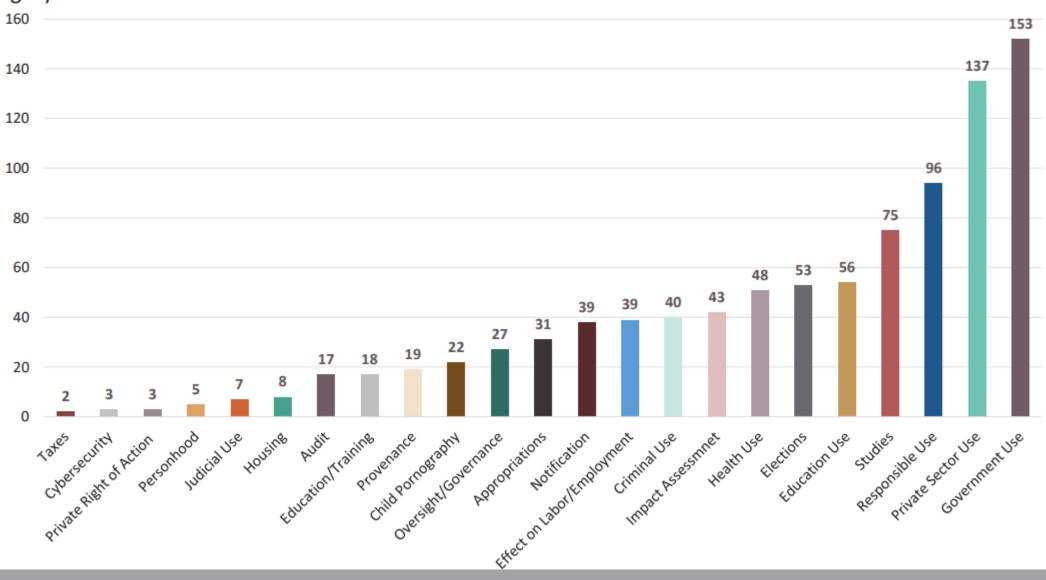






ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE 2024 LEGISLATION

By Issue Category



Top Business Process Where States are Using GenAl

In Use



Virtual meeting assistant transcription



Cybersecurity operations



Document generation and management



Software code generation

Piloting



Document generation and management



Data analytics



Virtual meeting assistant transcription



Software code generation

Respondents allowed to make multiple selections













State IT Use Cases for Generative Al

- Supporting virtual agent chatbots to help citizens
- Generating ideas, crafting emails and streamlining research
- Language translation for online services
- Analyzing survey data and making recommendations
- Cataloging databases and identifying their owners
- Downloading and reposting PDFs in more accessible formats
- Converting outdated computer code to modern programming languages
- Fraud prevention and detection













State IT Use Cases for Generative AI (cont.)

- Cybersecurity threat detection, identify anomalies
- Analyzing vehicle crash data
- Streamline health care facility inspections
- Al-enabled bots to assist call center agents
- Monitoring new legislation and creating a summary
- Human resources: writing effective job descriptions, interview questions
- Streamline procurement (repetitive forms, communication)
- Improve traffic patterns and reduce congestion











Analysis: Application Categories

IHE Top Application Categories

1.	Business Automation	123
2.	Data Analytics and Warehousing	70
3.	Content Management System	59
4.	Security Systems	57
5.	Systems Management	38
6.	Document Management Systems	34
7.	Desktop Productivity	30

25%	Business Automation (123 ADS)
25/0	accounted for 25% of IHE ADS

14% Security Systems (70 ADS) accounted for 14% of IHE ADS

State Agency Top Application Categories

1.	Security Systems	75
2.	Content Management System	44
3.	Business Automation	30
4.	Data Analytics and Warehousing	23
5.	Case Management Systems	20
6.	Systems Management	15
7.	Document Management Systems	12

29%	Security Systems (75 ADS)
29/0	accounted for 29% of state agency ADS

12% Business Automation (30 ADS) accounted for 12% of state agency ADS









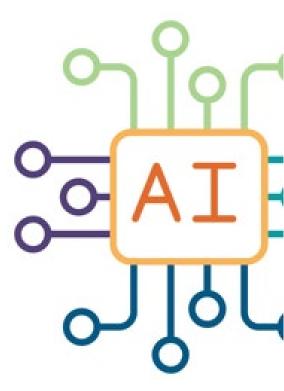






Challenges for States: GenAl Adoption

- Poor data quality/integrity
- Lack of enterprise governance
- Workforce skills gap / lack of training
- Shadow GenAl use by employees
- Long-term costs
- Legal issues; public records creation
- Accessibility design and interface
- Technical infrastructure















Generating Opportunity:

The Risks and Rewards of Generative AI in State Government

November 2024





"Our potential use cases span from human resources, correspondence, policy development, review and access, GIS modeling, data analytics, customer engagement, accelerating legacy code review for modernization efforts, coding, security, contracts and procurement process improvement efforts."

"GenAl can document large scales of what this code is meant to do, give recommendations on how to break it up or modernize it, and then recode it,"

"Generative AI sometimes will give incorrect answers, or partially correct ones. So, with AI-assisted solutions, our government services have to be very carefully crafted and tested to minimize this."

"There won't be less jobs, but there will be different jobs. We have to make sure that the workforce is ready for an AI economy (or what's to come) and we must learn how to build an adaptive workforce."

"We have to consider the public perception, while it may not always be fair or accurate, artificial intelligence requires us to go carefully and be transparent in everything we are doing. We must over share, be thoughtful and have a steady approach."

"We want GenAl to get to the point where we don't have unintended consequences."













Recommendations for States Using Generative Al

- 1. Encourage Exploration and Set Policies. Promote a culture of exploration and learning with generative AI. Employees are likely already experimenting with these tools, so state CIO organizations should lead the way by setting clear policies and guidelines for their use.
- 2. Establish Strong Governance and Regulatory Frameworks. Ensure that a robust regulatory and governance framework is in place before widespread AI adoption. This includes setting up guardrails to protect privacy and ensure responsible use, as well as creating a risk-based maturity scale to manage AI deployment from low to high risk.
- **3. Focus on Data Quality.** The effectiveness of AI systems is heavily dependent on the quality and accessibility of data. Prioritize data governance, including data retention policies, and work closely with state CDOs to ensure clean and reliable data.
- **4. Build Partnerships and Foster Collaboration**. Develop strong partnerships with peers across different departments and agencies.
- **5. Adopt an Incremental Approach.** Start with small, low-risk pilot projects to identify potential use cases and build on lessons learned.
- **6. Be Transparent.** Communicate openly about AI initiatives, including successes and limitations. Transparency with constituents about data practices and AI usage is crucial for building trust.













Five dimensions for consideration in improving GenAl effectiveness











Governance

- Finalize legislative processes for government Al use and appoint Al oversight roles
- Implement practical tools and establish oversight mechanisms, including risk-based assessments and human validation
- Mobilize a center of excellence to coordinate and share resources across the state

Funding

- Allocate adequate capital and operational budgets for scalable deployment
- Prioritize high-value, low-risk use cases to generate economic selffunding and social acceptance
- Develop cost-effective, agile proofs of concept (POCs) to refine benefit estimates and capture intended value from GenAl through benefits harvesting

Workforce/skills

- Assess existing capabilities and forecast future skills demand and supply
- Develop and execute a strategic workforce plan aligning capabilities with demand, emphasizing recruitment and retention of talent
- Implement competency-based hiring, reskilling programs, and clear communication strategies to attract, retain, and upskill employees

Infrastructure

- Enhance AI/ML Ops infrastructure to facilitate scalable deployment and refinement of generative AI solutions
- Leverage center of excellence to develop reusable assets, accelerating product development and adoption across the state
- Evolve all layers of the client technology stack, including the experience layer, gen Al use cases, models and ML Ops, data platforms, and cloud foundations

Data

- Evaluate and customize data architecture to accommodate unstructured data, leveraging specialized tools for management and governance.
- Tailor data integration efforts to GenAl implementation strategies, utilizing appropriate tools for data transformation and seamless integration across systems, while aligning with the organization's data maturity level.













Cybersecurity Priorities Today

Talent crisis: recruitment, retention, reform, compensation

GenAl impacts on cyber

More centralized operating model; zero trust framework

Adopting whole-of-state cybersecurity resilience

Executing Year 3 of \$1B State & Local cybersecurity grant

Support and partnerships with **local governments**

Software supply chain risks















2024 Deloitte-NASCIO Cybersecurity Study: Evolving roles to meet emerging threats

Theme 1 **Growing role of the CISO**

The rise of AI and gen AI brings new threats and challenges

Theme 2

Theme 3 **Budgets are uncomfortably murky**

Theme 4 An evolving approach to cyberthreats

Theme 5 Ongoing talent crisis



88%





49%

Every state now has a CISO, and **98% of state CISOs** have their authority established by some formal mechanism.

Eighty-six percent of CISOs are involved in protecting privacy, up from 60% just two years ago.

The good news is that **88% of state CISOs** are involved in gen Al strategy development.

The bad news? Forty-one percent reported they were "not very confident" or "not confident at all" about protecting their states from Al threats.

Nearly 40% of CISOs say funding falls short of what they need to keep assets and citizens safe, and visibility into both budgets and spending remains lower than state CISOs would like. Bad actors and their cyberattacks are getting increasingly sophisticated.

CISOs reported that third-party security breaches, Al-aided attacks, and foreign state—sponsored espionage are the top three threats for states.

Nearly half of state CISOs said cybersecurity staffing is a top-five challenge, even as demand for specialists continues to rise.

Call to action

To match their expanding responsibilities, state CISOs need increased funding—and a say in policy decisions on data security and digital transformation.

CISOs should help guide AI policy development, guard against introducing biases in state services, and educate the state workforce on how AI can enhance mission effectiveness.

State CISOs should creatively pursue recurring funding, look to improve budget visibility, and adopt a whole-of-state approach for sustainable cybersecurity. State CISOs should strike an aggressive defense posture, strengthen third-party controls, and modernize threat response tools through public-private partnerships. Boost staff competencies through continuous training and education to stay ahead of emerging threats and oversee contractor security practices to protect shared data.





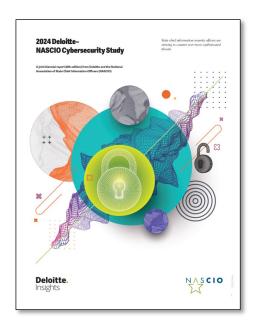


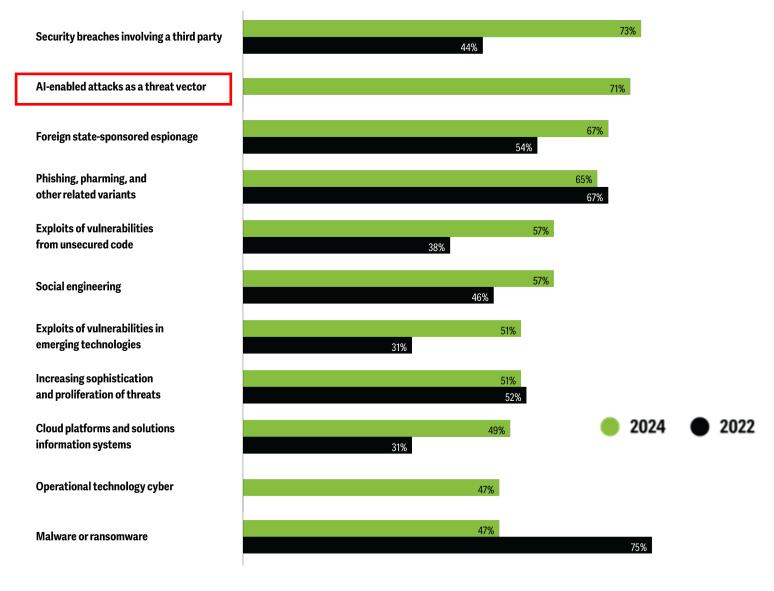






Leading causes of a cybersecurity incident in states over the last year





Note: The 2022 survey did not include the options "Al-enabled attacks as a threat vector" and "operational technology cyber.".





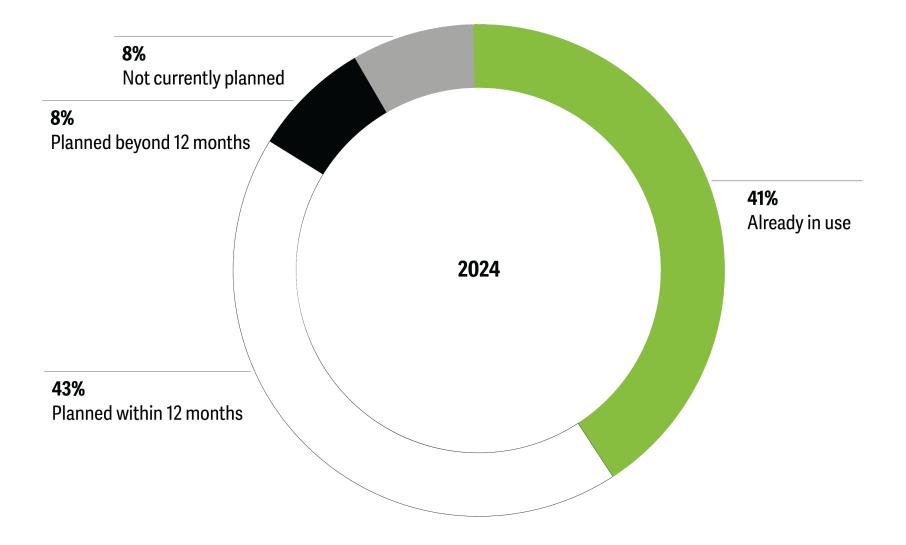








Current and planned use of GenAl in state cybersecurity operations







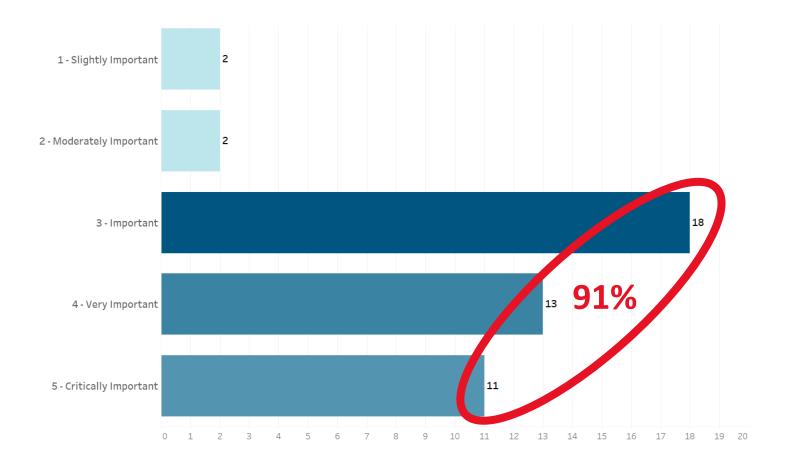




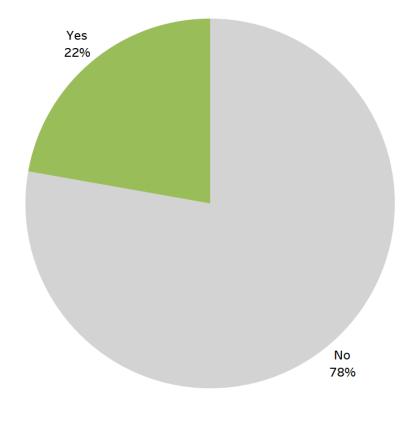




How would you rate the importance of data quality in your organization?



Do you have a data quality program?









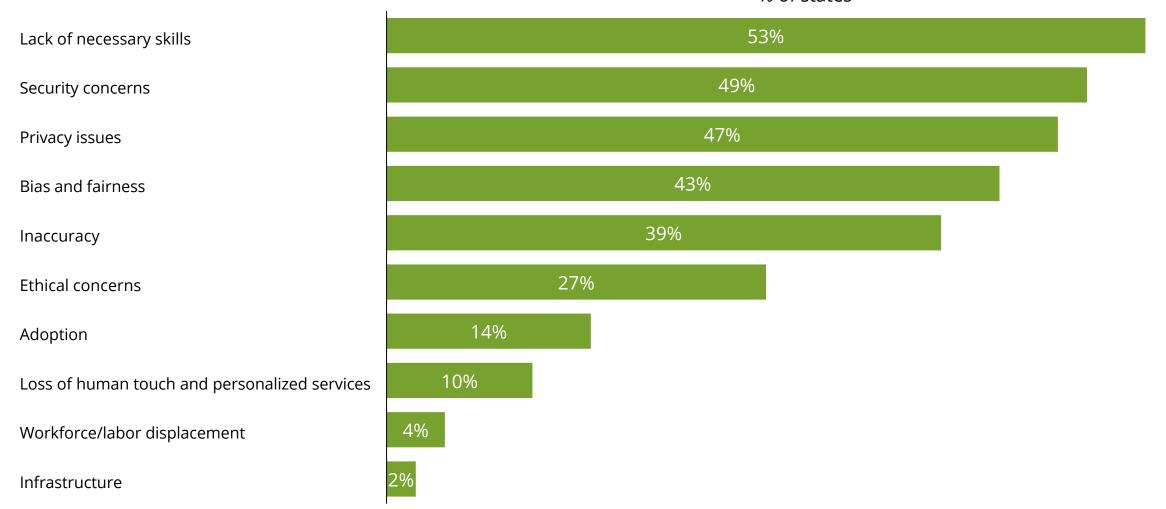






Concerns Regarding the Impact of GenAl on State Government Technology Workforce

% of states















2025 FEDERAL ADVOCACY PRIORITIES



Ensure Responsible Implementation of the State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program



Expanding and Strengthening the State Cyber Workforce



Harmonize Disparate Federal Cybersecurity Regulations



Continued Adoption of DotGov Domain is Essential



Artificial Intelligence: States Leading the Way





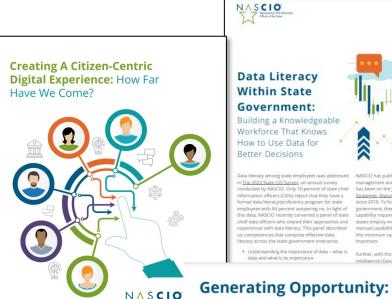








Resource Center at NASCIO.org



Data Literacy Within State Government:

Building a Knowledgeable Workforce That Knows How to Use Data for Better Decisions

Generative AI in State Government

The Risks and Rewards of



time ever. As Al becomes increasingly integrated into the technology infrastructure of government agencies, an Al roadmap will emerge as an indispensable tool for states in the

xecutive buy-in for Al initiatives, flexibility to adapt as the technology changes, efficient source allocation and cost savings, risk management and improved service delivery.

0-

- how Al fits into the overall goals of the state IT strategic plan. Don't assume Al will solve every problem or help you reach every goal. In addition, don't go looking for a roblem to solve with Al. Identify the business case and overall strategic goals of se organization before deploying an Al tool.
- Establish governance and oversight processes. Absence cardinal governance and oversign processes. Accence of proper Al governance exposes states to potential risks such as data leakage, violations of privacy laws and erosion of citizen trust. To anylogate these challenges, it is crucial to adopt established Al governance frameworks such as the NIST AL Risk Management Framework. OECD.



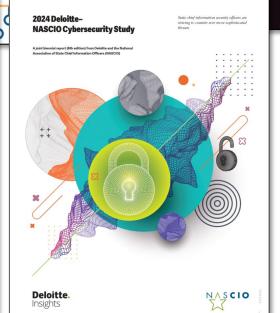


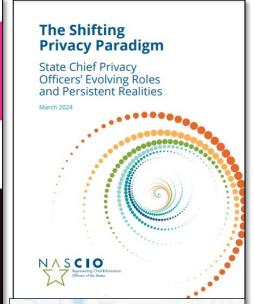
The 2024 **State CIO Survey**

Building Blocks of the Next Generation CIO



NASCIO









September 2023













